Family Violence in Ashtabula County

These data describe common types of violence perpetrated by family members or caregivers in our county each year. We present the best available, most recent estimates. Nonetheless, our figures are conservative and represent only part of the burden family violence places on our families and communities. All figures are estimates or annual averages.

Each year in our county...

- **330 – 490** children are abused or neglected
- **780 – 1,000** adults are physically abused by a current or former intimate partner
- **850 – 1,100** seniors in the community are abused, neglected or financially exploited
- **881** reports of abuse or neglect are filed with children’s services
- **200** people are arrested for intimate partner violence
- **80 – 170** seniors in LTC facilities are abused, neglected or financially exploited
- **228** children are placed in custody
- **28** people file petitions for civil protection orders
- **143** reports of abuse, neglect or exploitation are filed for seniors in the community
- **28** adults seek shelter in domestic violence shelters in the county
- **26** adults seek shelter in domestic violence shelters in the county
- **35** reports of abuse, neglect or exploitation are filed for seniors in LTC facilities
- **26** children are placed in custody

- It is difficult to measure the true prevalence of family violence; many victims never come to the attention of authorities.
- Reports to local children’s service agencies typically exceed the estimated number of abused or neglected children. This is likely due to multiple reports filed for a single child. Also, many children are placed in custody for reasons other than abuse or neglect (e.g., delinquency).
- Elder abuse/neglect figures exclude self-neglect and victims <60 years old. (LTC = long term care)

This profile is part of an 88-county series provided by the Ohio Family Violence Prevention Project – a collaborative project of the Health Policy Institute of Ohio and the Ohio State University College of Public Health with support from the HealthPath Foundation of Ohio. For additional copies and a detailed description of how we calculated these figures, please visit: www.hpio.net/familyviolence

**In Ashtabula County, how does family violence compare to other threats among...?**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>teenage girls</strong> (age 15-19, est. #/year)</th>
<th><strong>adult women</strong> (age 18+, est. #/year)</th>
<th><strong>seniors</strong> (age 60+, est. #/year)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>cigarette use 580-1,000</td>
<td>physical intimate partner violence 500-680</td>
<td>injuries from falls 620-1,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dating violence 280-420</td>
<td>motor vehicle crash injuries 411</td>
<td>elder abuse/neglect 850-1,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pregnancies 222</td>
<td>mothers without 1st trimester prenatal care 457</td>
<td>new cancer cases 428</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>motor vehicle crash injuries 76</td>
<td>new cancer cases 298</td>
<td>motor vehicle crash injuries 118</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- For example: each year in our county between 500 and 680 adult women experience physical intimate partner violence; in comparison, 411 adult women are injured in motor vehicle crashes.

**How do we compare to other counties?**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Civil protection order petitions (per 10,000 adults)</th>
<th>Ashtabula County</th>
<th>Mean of 28 non-Appalachian rural counties</th>
<th>State mean</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Reports of abuse, neglect or exploitation in LTC facilities (per 100 resident beds)</td>
<td>2.1</td>
<td>1.7</td>
<td>2.3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Ashtabula County has **about the same rate** of petitions for civil protection orders (CPO’s) compared to similar counties in Ohio.
- Ashtabula County has **about the same rate** of reports of abuse, neglect or exploitation in LTC facilities compared to similar counties in Ohio.
- Differences in data collection limit our ability to compare other indicators of family violence across counties.

**Is family violence increasing?**

It is hard to say. Some data sources suggest family violence is increasing; others suggest it is stable or decreasing. Within a county, changes over time are largely due to changes in victims’ ability to access services. This graph, for example, suggests no significant change in petitions for CPO’s in our county. This trend could reflect no changes in the awareness or ability of victims to request CPO’s. For a discussion of when differences are noteworthy, please see the introduction.

**Mean annual rate of petitions for civil protection orders, per 10,000 adults, Ashtabula County, 2000-2008**

- 4.7 (2000-02)
- 4.1 (2003-05)
- 3.7 (2006-08)

**To talk with someone about family violence, contact:**

- Child Abuse Hotline: 1-800-4-A-CHILD
- Ohio Domestic Violence Network 1-800-934-9840
- Ohio Area Agencies on Aging: 1-866-243-5678